# STAT 401A - Statistical Methods for Research Workers Model refinement analysis - Ames housing prices

Jarad Niemi (Dr. J)

Iowa State University

last updated: November 21, 2014

# Objective

Determine the fair market value of a house in Ames with asking price of \$240,000 with the following details:

- 2-story on 9201 ft<sup>2</sup> land
- 4 bedroom
- 2 bathroom
- 2 car attached garage
- built in 1975
- 2199 ft<sup>2</sup> above grade plus
- basement: 780 ft<sup>2</sup> (75% finished) with additional bath

based on houses sold in Ames from June 2010 to August 2011.

What does fair market value mean?

- What would people pay on average?
- What would we predict the next person would pay?

# Multiple regression

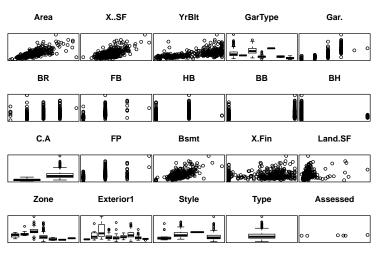
Decisions to make before performing analysis (you can change your mind)

- Data
  - June 2010 to August 2011
  - 2-story vs 1.5-story vs 1-story
- Response
  - Price (log?)
- Explanatory variables
  - continuous vs categorical, e.g. # of bathrooms
  - transformations (log)
  - higher order (squared terms)
  - interactions

# Explanatory variables

- Year built
- Year/month sold
- Area of
  - Land
  - Above grade living space
  - Basement living space
- Number of
  - Bedrooms
  - Bathrooms above grade
  - Half bathrooms above grade
  - Bathrooms in basement
  - Half bathrooms in basement
  - Fireplaces
- Garage
  - size: number of cars
  - type: (attached, detached, etc)
- Exterior type: (VinylSd, HdBoard, etc)
- Number of levels
- Percent of basement that is finished

[1] 303 21				
Price		C.A	Style	Exterior1
Min. : 62000	Attachd:271	No: 6	1.5 Fin: 16	VinylSd:163
1st Qu.:144250	Basment: 3	Yes:357	2-Story:123	HdBoard: 66
Median :180000	BuiltIn: 31		2.5 Unf: 1	Wd Sdng: 36
Mean :204772	Detachd: 47		1-Story:223	MetalSd: 35
3rd Qu.:241750	2 Types: 1			Plywood: 28
Max. :665000	No Data: 2			CemntBd: 18
	None : 8			(Other): 17
AsbShng BrkFace	CemntBd HdBoard	MetalSd	Plywood VinylSd	Wd Sdng WdShing
2 8	18 66	35	28 163	36 7



YrSld



# Exploratory analysis

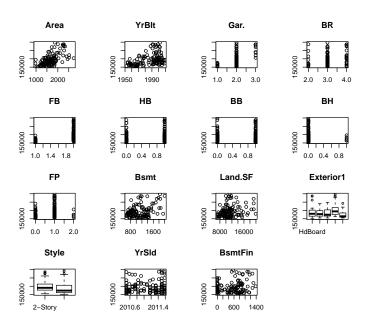
#### Adjustments made:

- Slimmed data set to include only the following
  - Zoned residential low density
  - Sell price \$150-\$300k
  - Has central air
  - 1-story or 2-story (no 1.5 or 2.5 story)
  - Exterior not AsbShng, BrkFace, WdShing
- Created new variables:
  - Date sold (Year+Month/12)
  - Basement finished area
  - Basement unfinished area
- Variables eliminated
  - % of basement finished
  - Type
  - Assessed

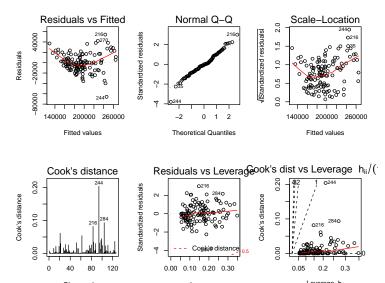
Fit initial model with all explanatory variables, but no interaction

### Slimmed data set

[1] 126 16						
Price	Area	YrBlt	Gar.	BR	FB	HB
Min. :152000	Min. : 972	Min. :1952	Min. :1.000	Min. :2.000	Min. :1.000	Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.:169000	1st Qu.:1410	1st Qu.:1969	1st Qu.:2.000	1st Qu.:3.000	1st Qu.:2.000	1st Qu.:0.0000
Median :185500	Median :1613	Median :1992	Median :2.000	Median :3.000	Median :2.000	Median :1.0000
Mean :194279	Mean :1659	Mean :1986	Mean :1.984	Mean :3.111	Mean :1.802	Mean :0.6111
3rd Qu.:206800	3rd Qu.:1846	3rd Qu.:1999	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:3.000	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:1.0000
Max. :297500	Max. :2726	Max. :2009	Max. :3.000	Max. :4.000	Max. :2.000	Max. :1.0000
BB	BH	FP	Bsmt	Land.SF	Exterior1	Style
Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000	0 Min. :0.	0000 Min. :	654 Min. : 71	.53 HdBoard:31	2-Story:64
1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	0 1st Qu.:0.	0000 1st Qu.:	832 1st Qu.: 93	09 MetalSd:10	1-Story:62
Median :0.0000	Median :0.0000	0 Median:1.	0000 Median :1	045 Median :107	85 Plywood:15	
Mean :0.4286	Mean :0.0396	8 Mean :0.	7143 Mean :1	117 Mean :112	233 VinylSd:59	
3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:0.0000	0 3rd Qu.:1.	0000 3rd Qu.:1	349 3rd Qu.:121	.14 Wd Sdng:11	
Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000	0 Max. :2.	0000 Max. :2	000 Max. :199	000	
YrSld	BsmtFin					
Min. :2010	Min. : 0.0					
1st Qu.:2011	1st Qu.: 0.0					
Median :2011	Median : 583.2					
Mean :2011	Mean : 508.2					
3rd Qu.:2012	3rd Qu.: 808.2					
Max. :2012	Max. :1381.4					



mod = lm(Price~., slim)
par(mfrow=c(2,3))
plot(mod,1:6, ask=F)



# Response and outliers

#### Comments from plots:

- There is some evidence that increased price leads to increased residuals, so consider logarithm of Price as the response.
- Some observations were flagged as important, but none are exerting an undo influence on the regression (Cook's distance less than 0.20).
- There is a concern that there are outlying observations and therefore heavier tails.

# Training-testing data sets

#### For example,

- Randomly split your observations into two sets:
  - training
  - testing
- Use the training data set to find model(s), e.g.
  - use a model selection procedure to find a model and
  - estimate the parameters in that model.
- Use the testing data set to evaluate the model(s), e.g. calculate mean square prediction error in the testing data, i.e.

$$MSPE = \frac{1}{n'} \sum_{i=1}^{n'} (P_i - \hat{P}_i)^2$$

#### where

- $P_i$  is the actual sale price for house i in the testing data set and
- $\hat{P}_i$  is the predicted sale price from a particular model.

#### Candidate models

Use all explanatory variables from earlier and allow the following models combinations:

- Response: Price and log(Price)
- Interactions: Yes and No
- Selection criterion: AIC and BIC

For a particular combination,

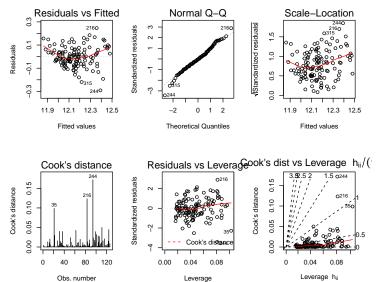
- 1 Initialize model to have all main effects.
- 2 Use stepwise selection to select a model.
- Calculate the model's MSPE

Choose the model that has the lowest mean squared prediction error amongst all these models.

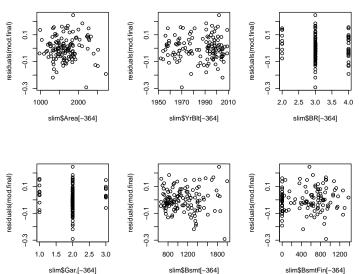
# Results

	Response	Interactions	Criterion	sqrt(MSPE)	Ratio
1	Price	No	AIC	16389	1.20
2	Price	Yes	AIC	519864	1202.62
3	log(Price)	No	AIC	15751	1.10
4	log(Price)	Yes	AIC	18866950	1583997.40
5	Price	No	BIC	17958	1.43
6	Price	Yes	BIC	16158	1.16
7	log(Price)	No	BIC	14991	1.00
8	log(Price)	Yes	BIC	15756	1.10

# Diagnostic plots for final model (7) using all data



# Quadratic terms?



# Final model when using all data

#### Summary of the final model estimated using all observations

```
Call:
lm(formula = formula(mod[[id]]), data = slim)
Residuals:
     Min
               1Q Median
                                            Max
-0.291314 -0.050565 -0.003477 0.052854 0.245974
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 3.484e+00 1.072e+00 3.251 0.001494 **
Area
           2.569e-04 2.436e-05 10.549 < 2e-16 ***
YrBlt
           3.998e-03 5.456e-04 7.327 2.97e-11 ***
       1.409e-04 2.566e-05 5.492 2.26e-07 ***
Rsmt.
        5.808e-02 1.668e-02 3.482 0.000696 ***
BB
           6.636e-02 2.352e-02 2.822 0.005591 **
Gar
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.08883 on 120 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.7225, Adjusted R-squared: 0.711
F-statistic: 62.5 on 5 and 120 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

#### Prediction

```
new <- read.csv("Ch12a-new.csv",header=T)</pre>
new$YrSld = 2012
exp(predict(mod.final, new, interval="confidence"))
      fit lwr upr
1 208047.7 199141.6 217352.1
exp(predict(mod.final, new, interval="prediction"))
      fit lwr upr
1 208047.7 173561.7 249386
```

One aspect that has been completely neglected is location of the properties which clearly has a large impact on the fair market value.

# Summary

Who would perform a regression like this?

- Buyer
- Seller
- Real estate agent
- Mortgage appraiser
- Tax assessor